



Hydrogen from Renewable Energy Sources

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- Global Future Energy Trends
- Hydrogen from Renewable Energy Sources Compared to Other Alternative Fuels
- Potentials of Renewable Energy Sources for the Production of Hydrogen as Transport Fuel
- Cost of Hydrogen as Transport Fuel Compared to Other Alternative Fuels



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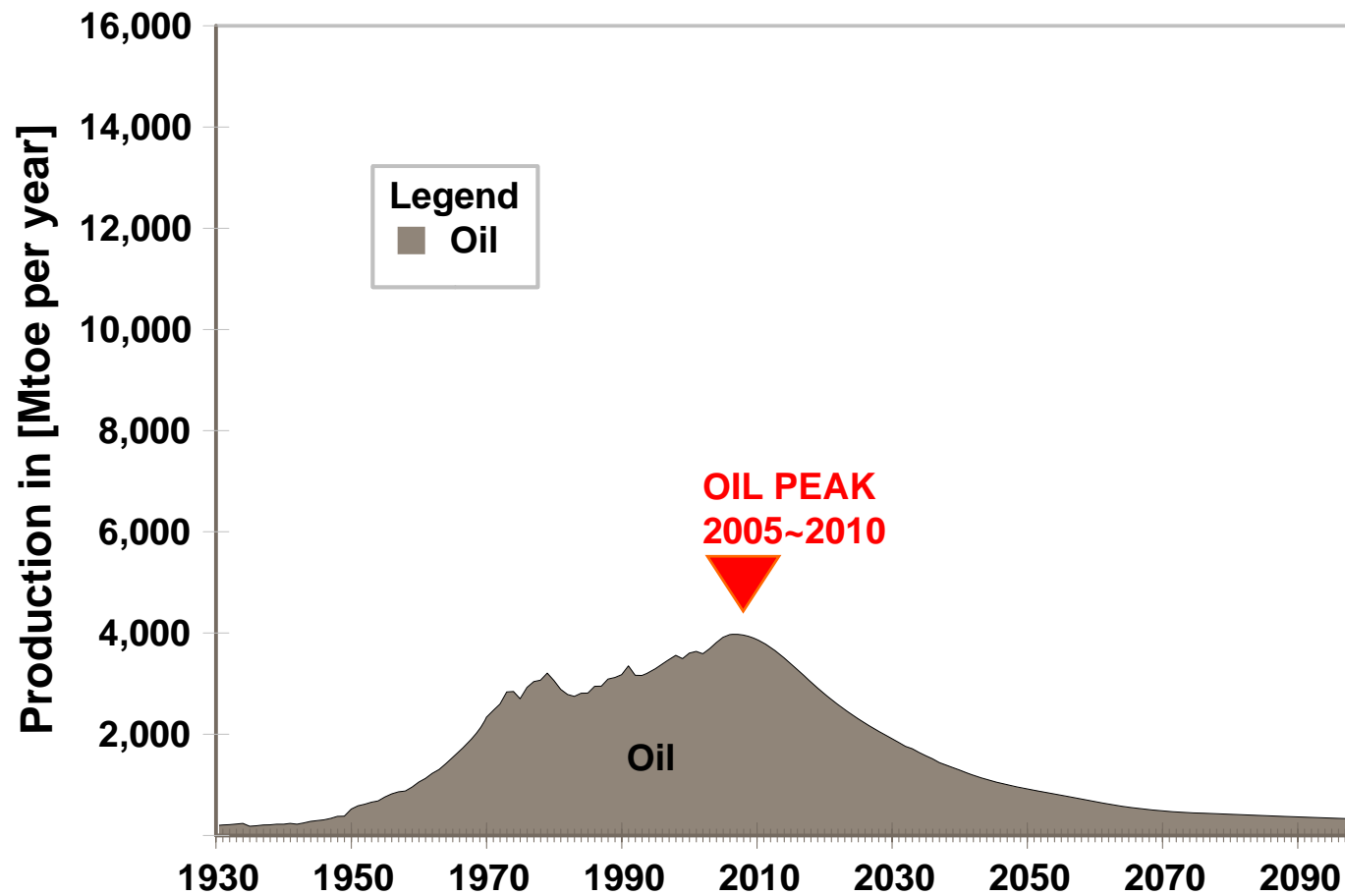
Global Future Energy Trends

Global future energy trends

Peak of fossil energy supply



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Oil Peak or 'Peak Oil':
the point at which
supply cannot match
demand anymore

Source: LBST

Scenario assumption: decline rate after peak of 2.7%/yr
Actual experience: decline rates of 10%/yr and beyond (e.g. Alaska, Mexico, Norway, Oman, UK)

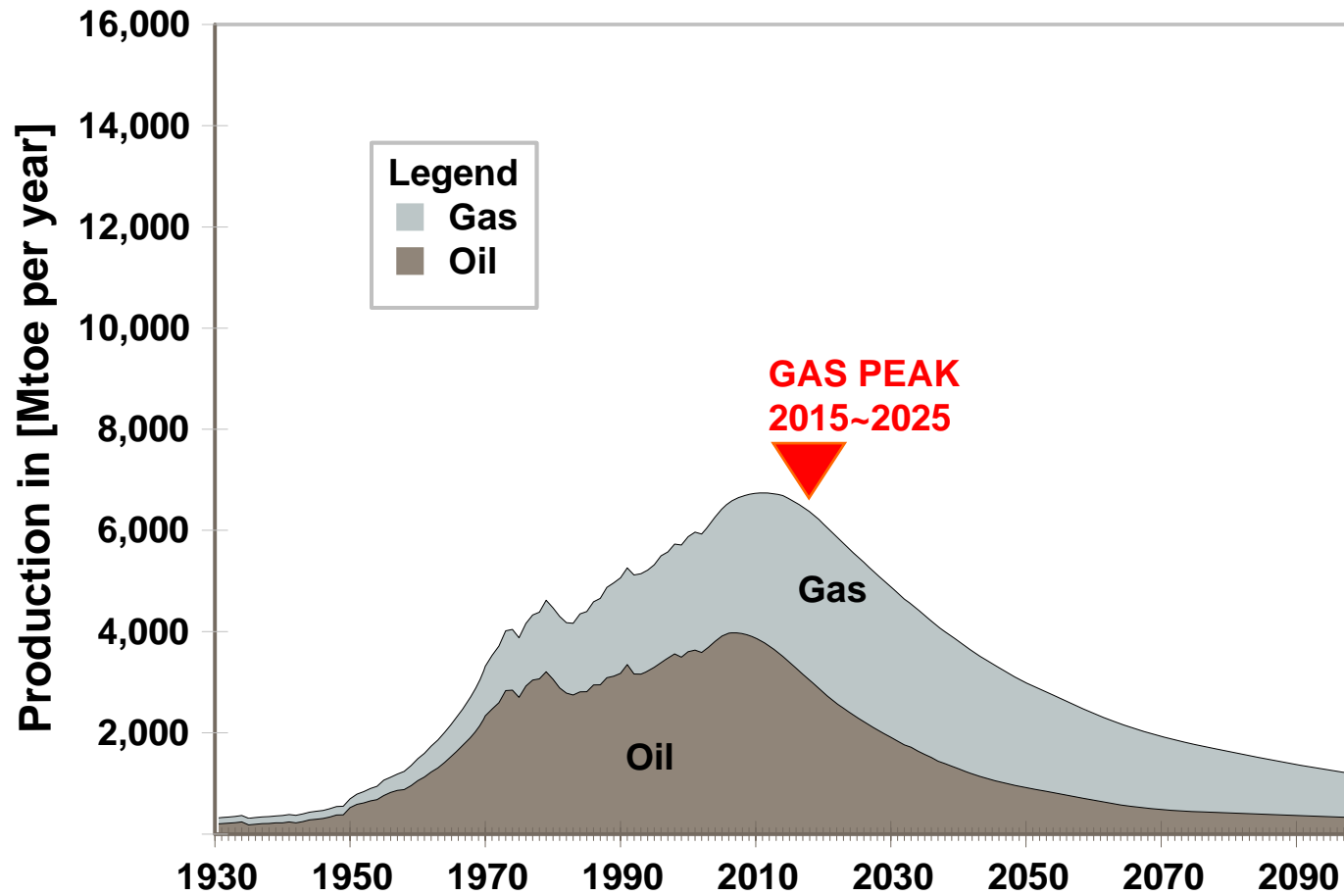
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Global future energy trends

Peak of fossil energy supply



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Source: LBST

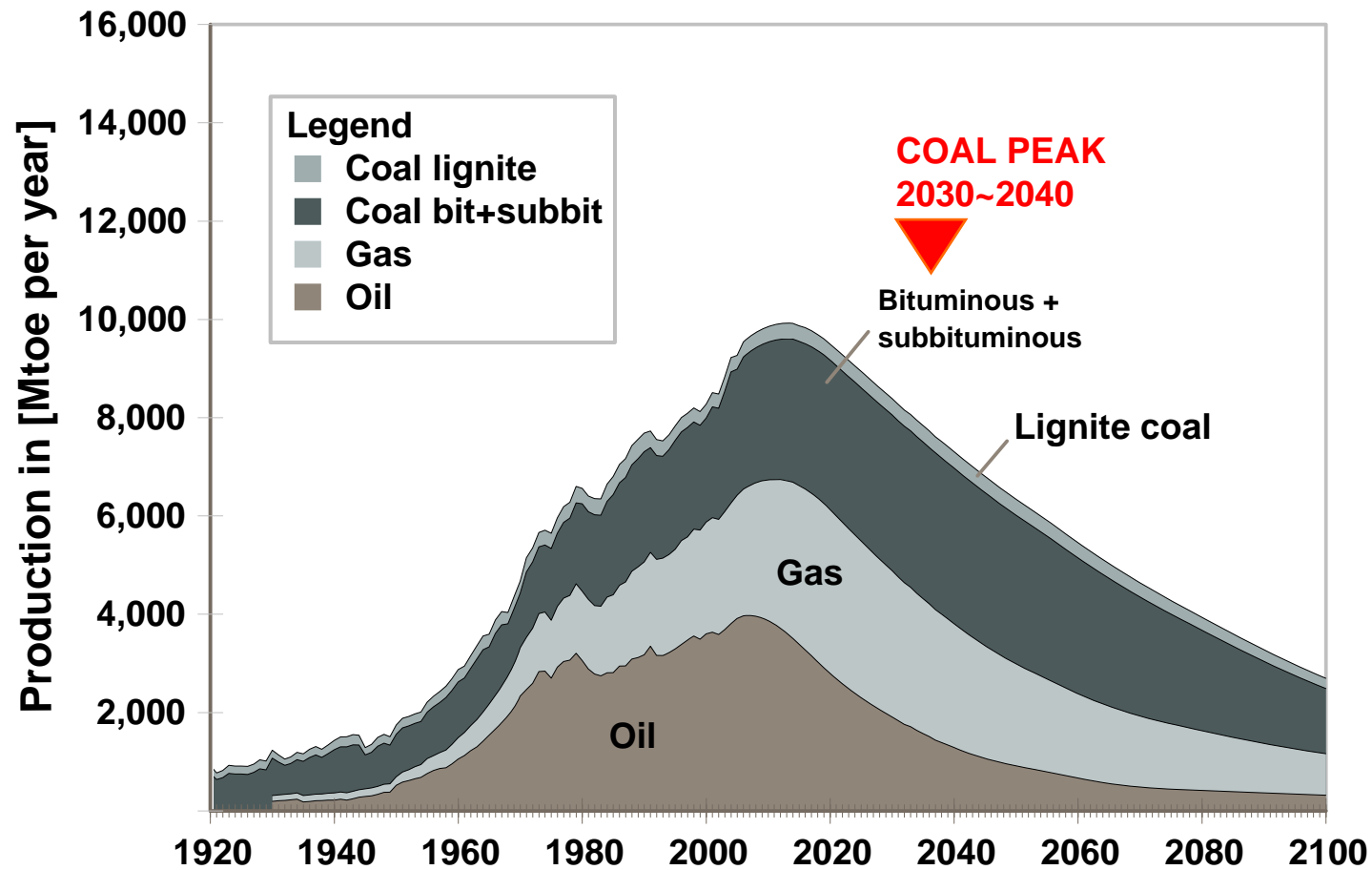
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Peak of fossil energy supply



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Source: LBST

For details on coal resource/reserve analysis, see EWG Report No. 1/ 2007 "Coal":
http://www.lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2007EWG-coal__e.html

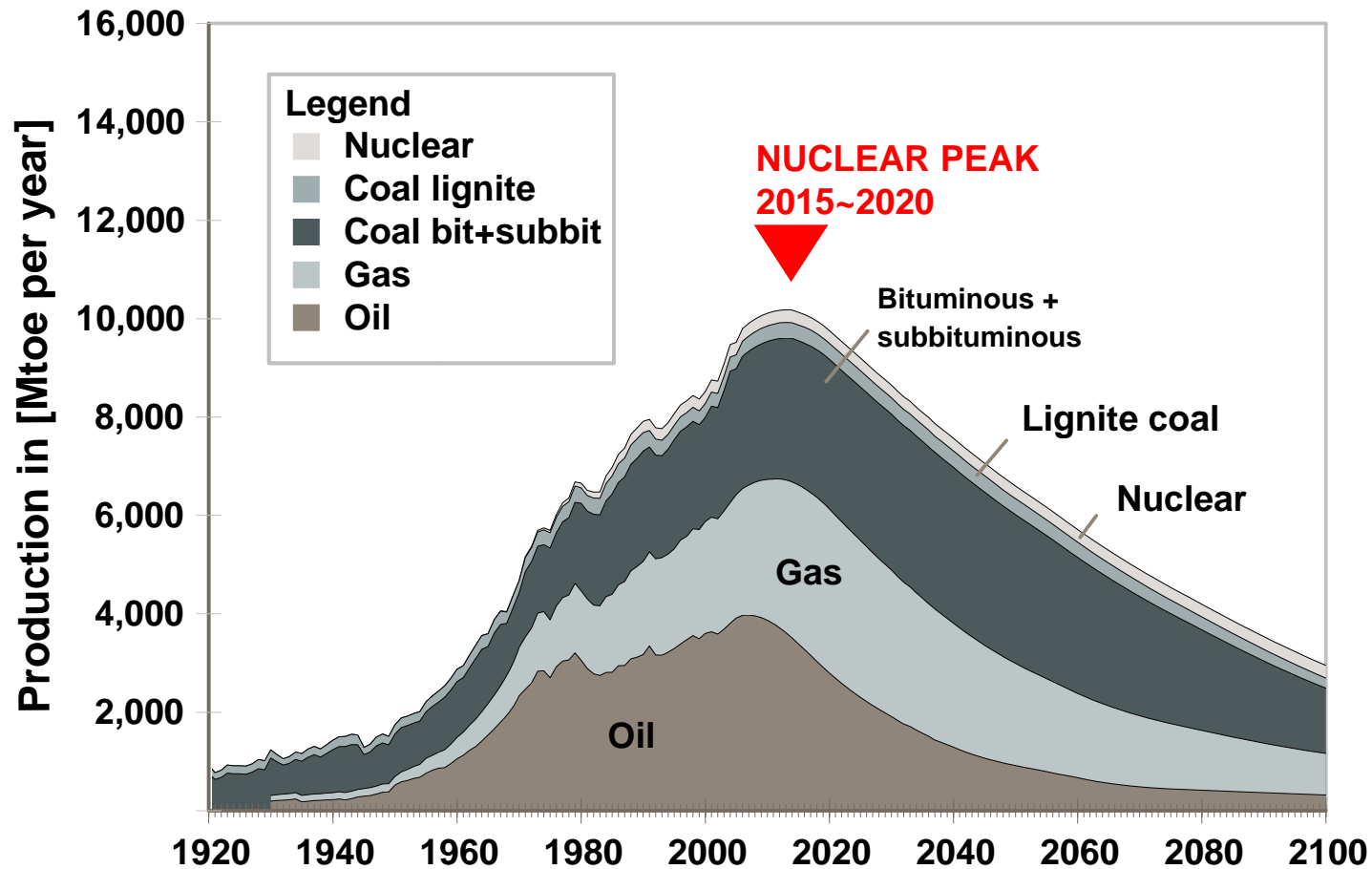
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For details on nuclear resource/reserve analysis, see EWG Report No. 1/2006 "Uranium":
http://www.lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2006EWG-uranium__e.html

Source: LBST

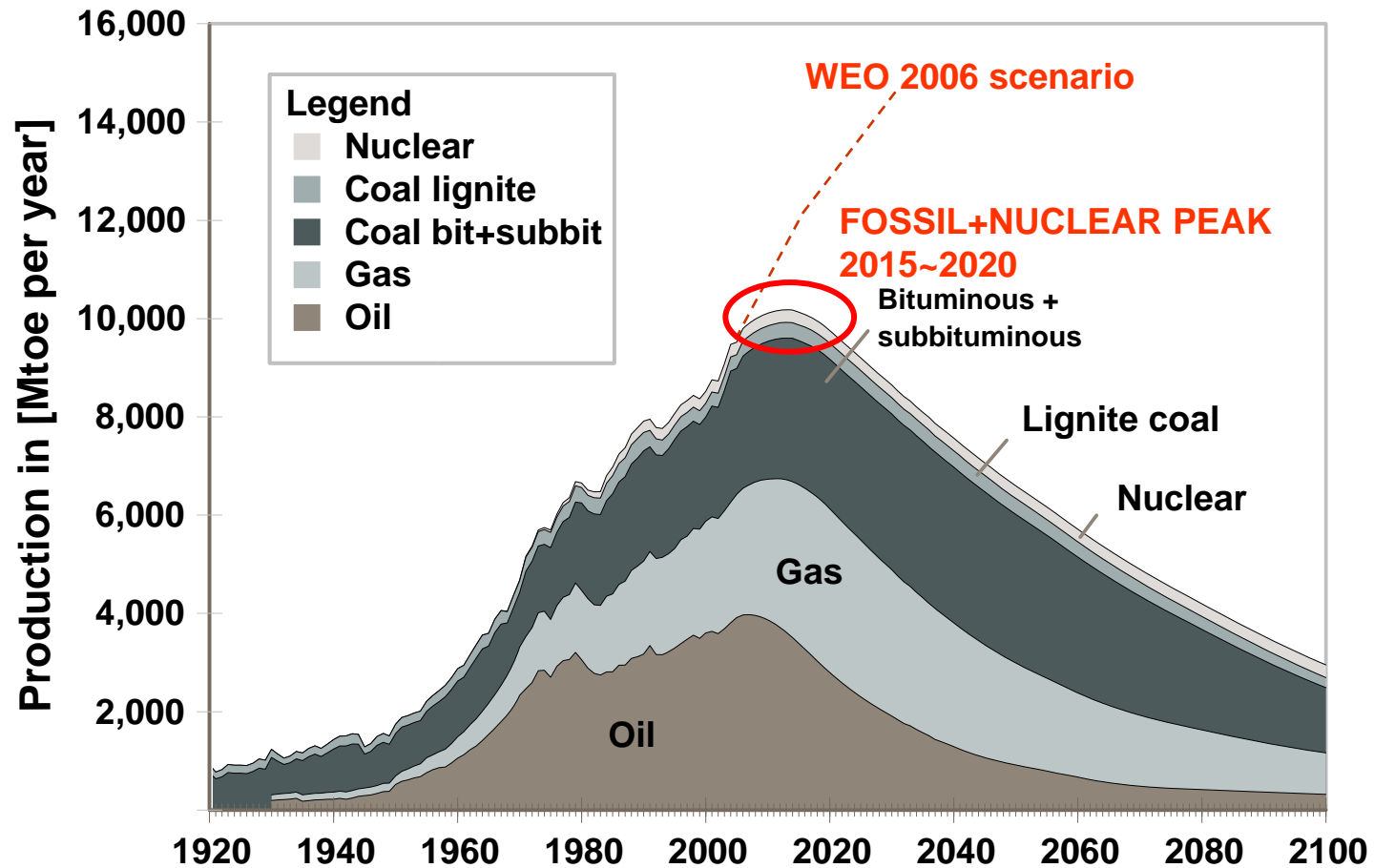
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Peak of fossil energy supply



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Source: LBST

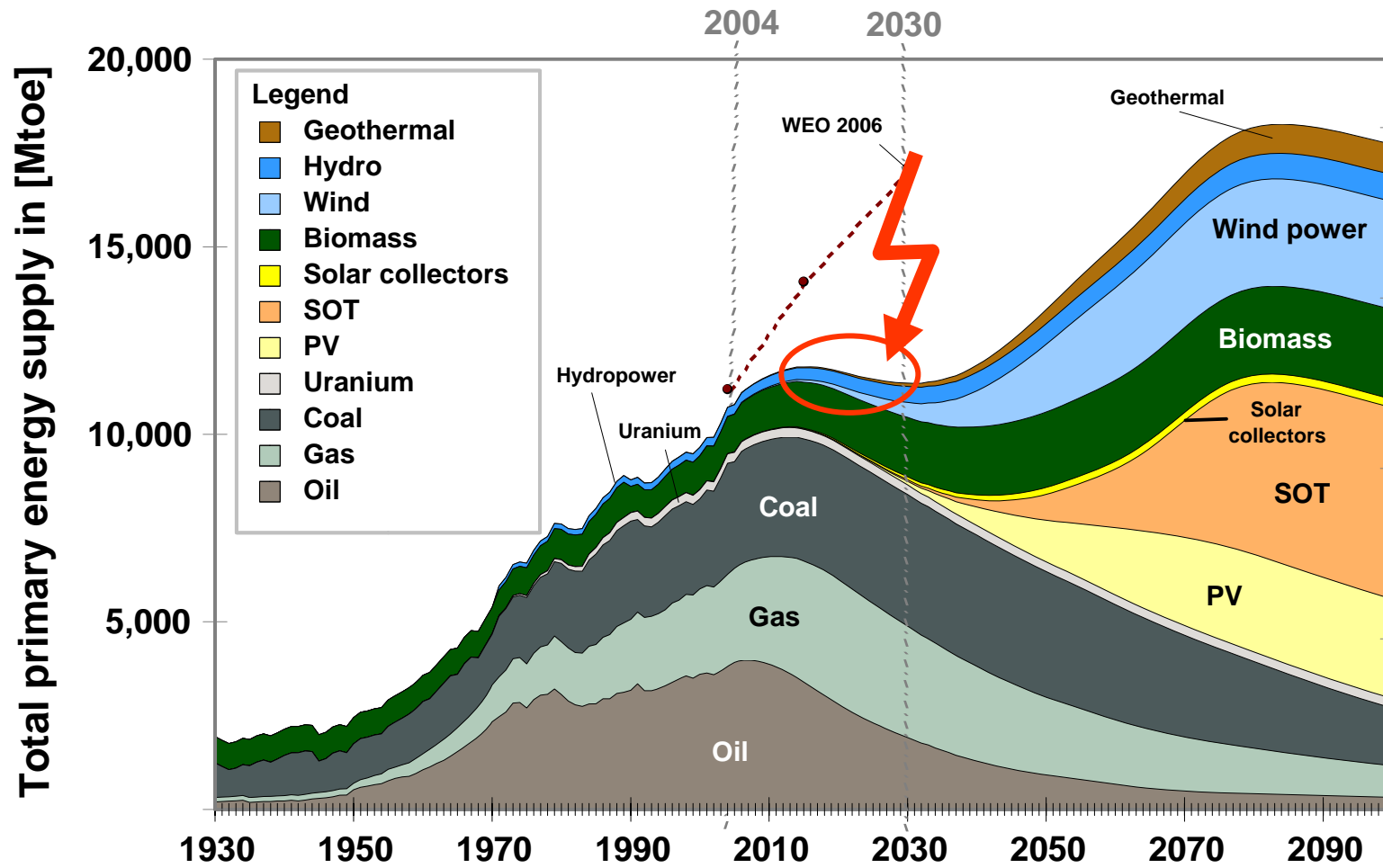
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Global future energy trends

Alternative World Energy Outlook by LBST



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Source: LBST

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Hydrogen from Renewable Energy Sources Compared to Other Alternative Fuels



Today available alternatives:

- Fatty acid methyl ester (bio-diesel)
- Virgin plant oil
- Bio-ethanol
- Natural Gas (CNG)
- Electricity (battery electric vehicles)

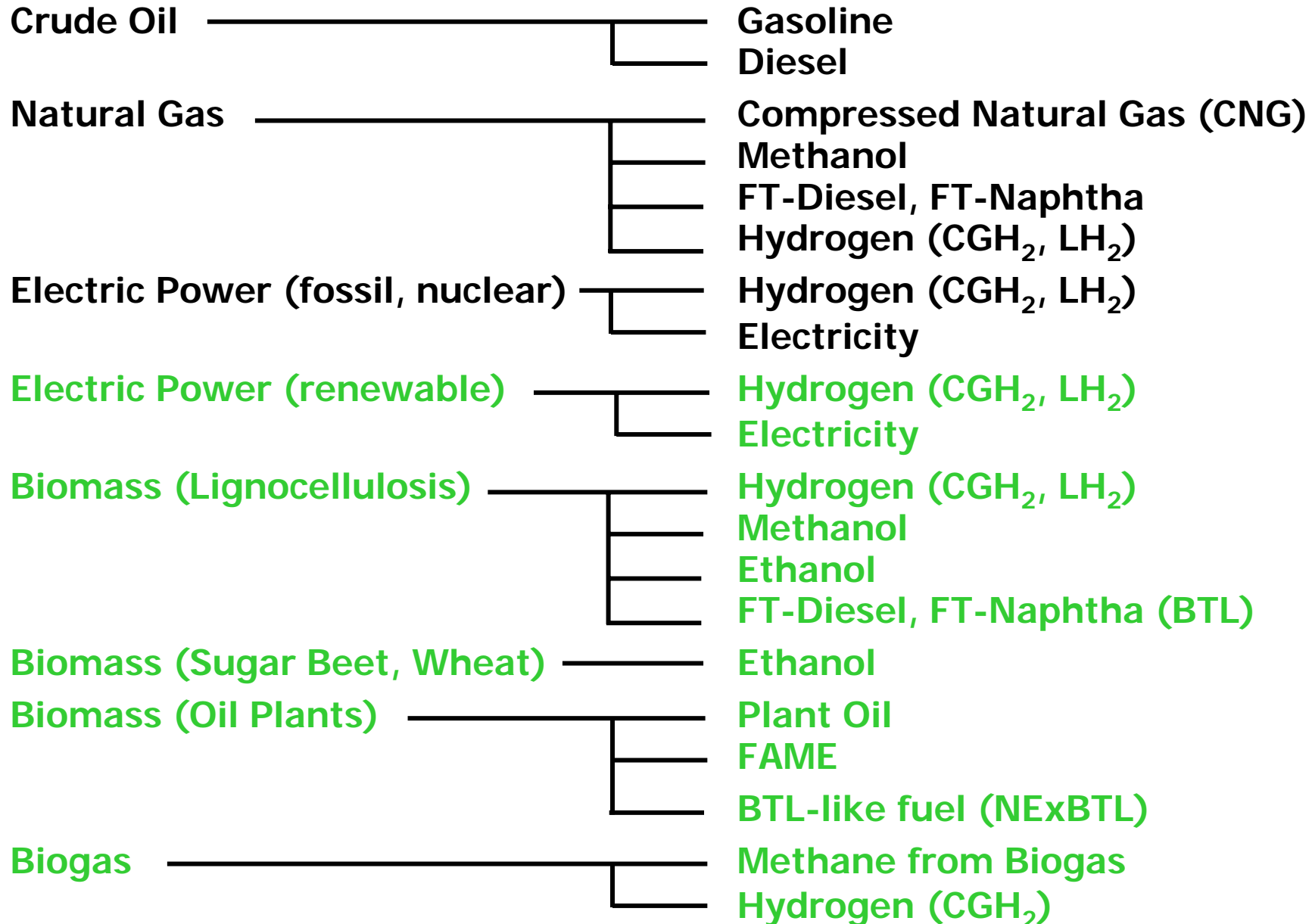
Further future alternatives:

- Synthetic liquid hydrocarbons from biomass (BtL)
- Synthetic liquid hydrocarbons from coal (CtL)
- Purified biogas ("Compressed Methane Gas" from biogas)
- Hydrogen (CGH_2 , LH_2) from all hydrocarbons or water containing sources

Conventional and Renewable Transportation Fuel Supply Paths



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Compilation: LBST

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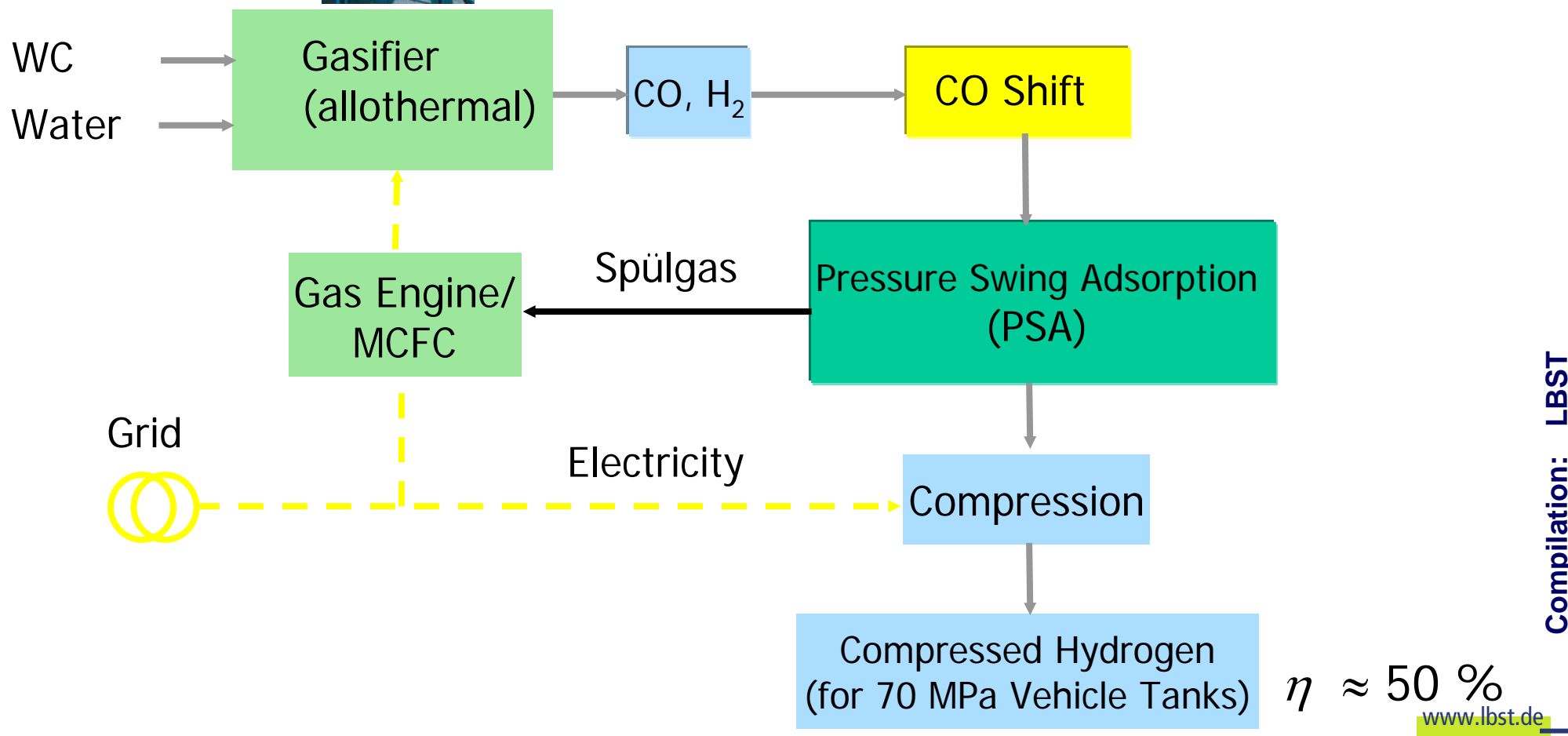
Compressed Hydrogen (CGH₂) from Biomass Gasification



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Gasification of
Wood Chips (WC)



Compilation: LBST

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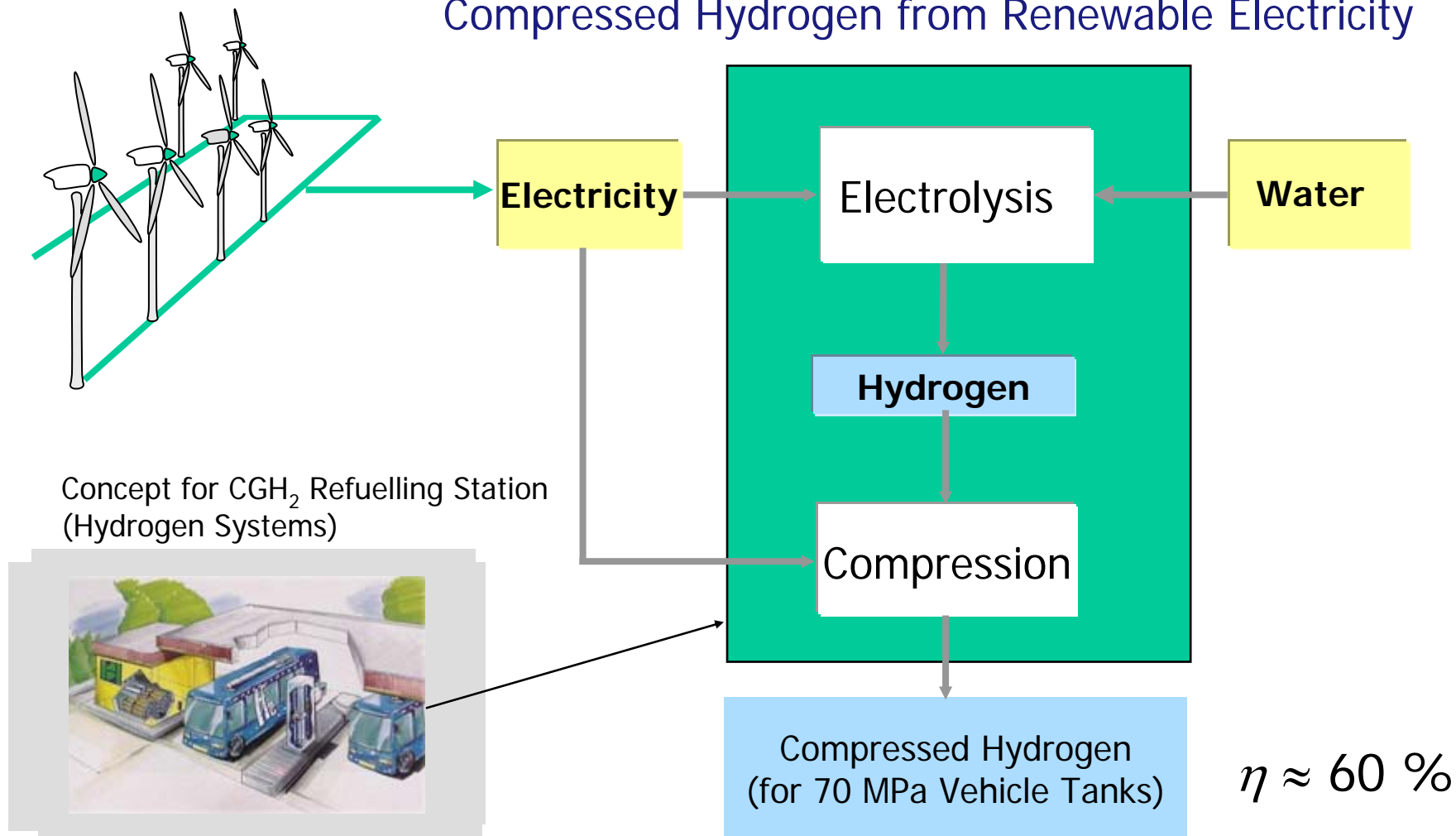


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Compressed Hydrogen (CGH₂) from Renewable Electricity

$$\eta_{WKA} = 100 \%$$

Compressed Hydrogen from Renewable Electricity



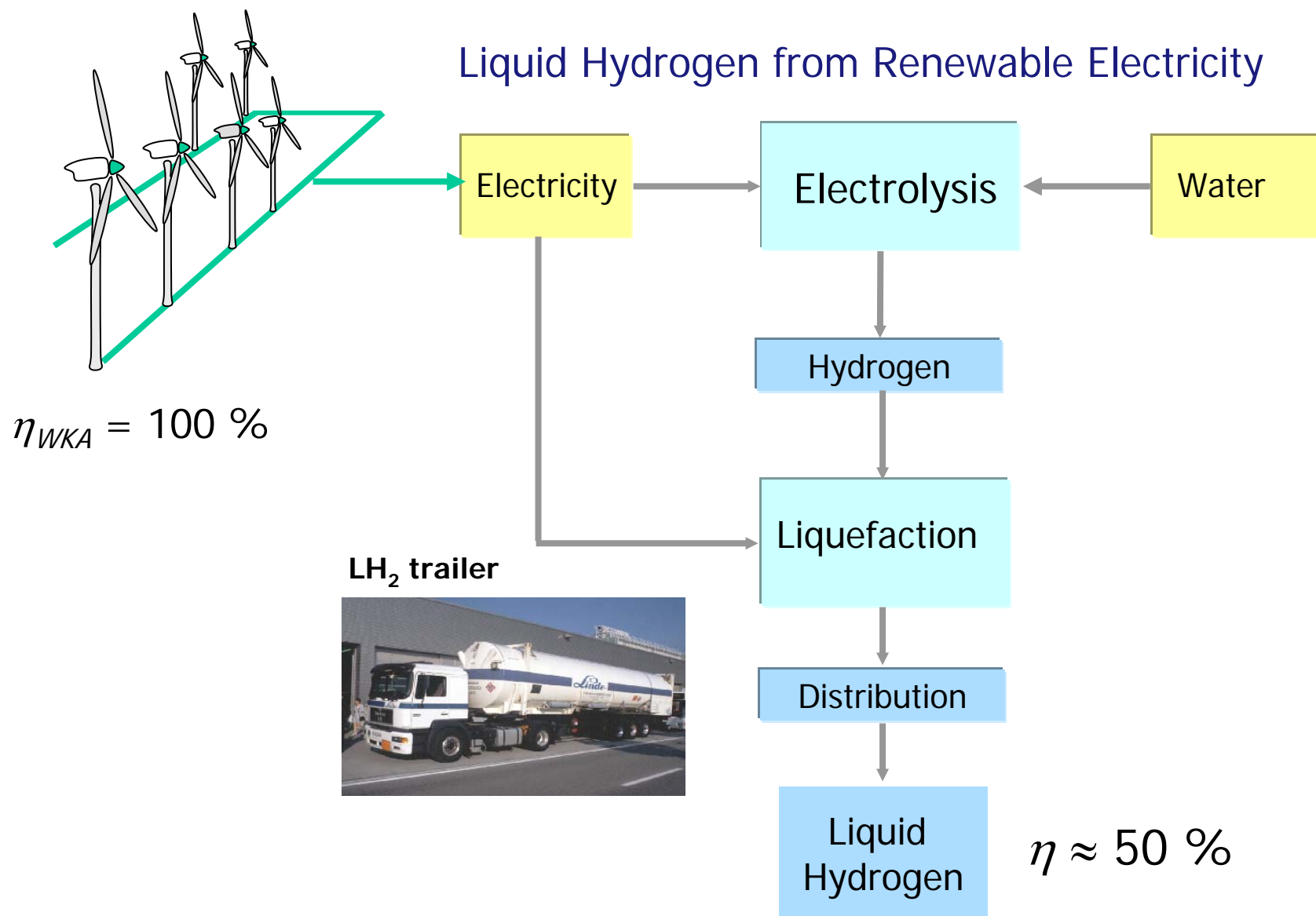
Compilation: LBST

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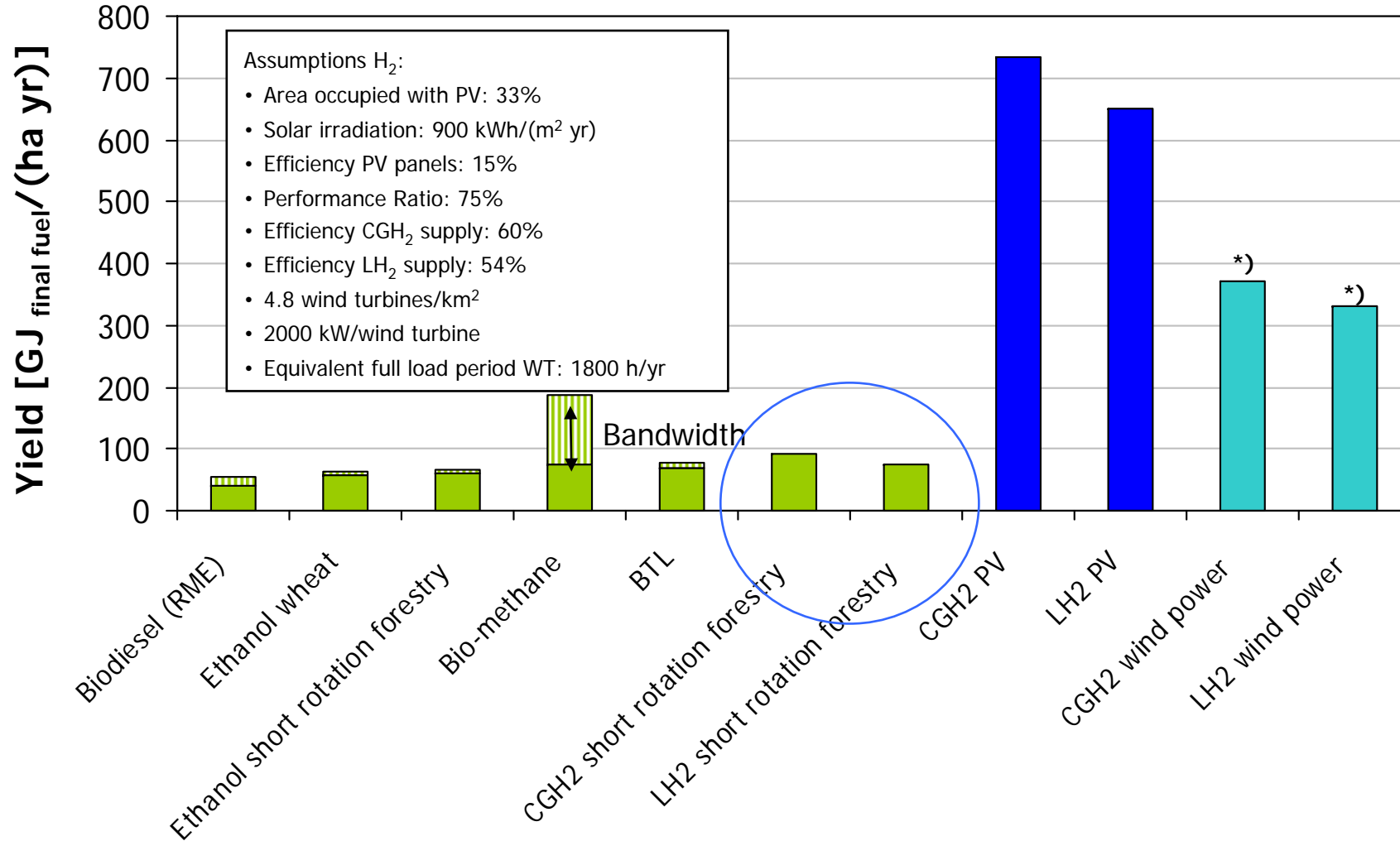
Liquid Hydrogen (LH₂) from Renewable Electricity



Acreage Yields for Several Renewably Produced Transportation Fuels



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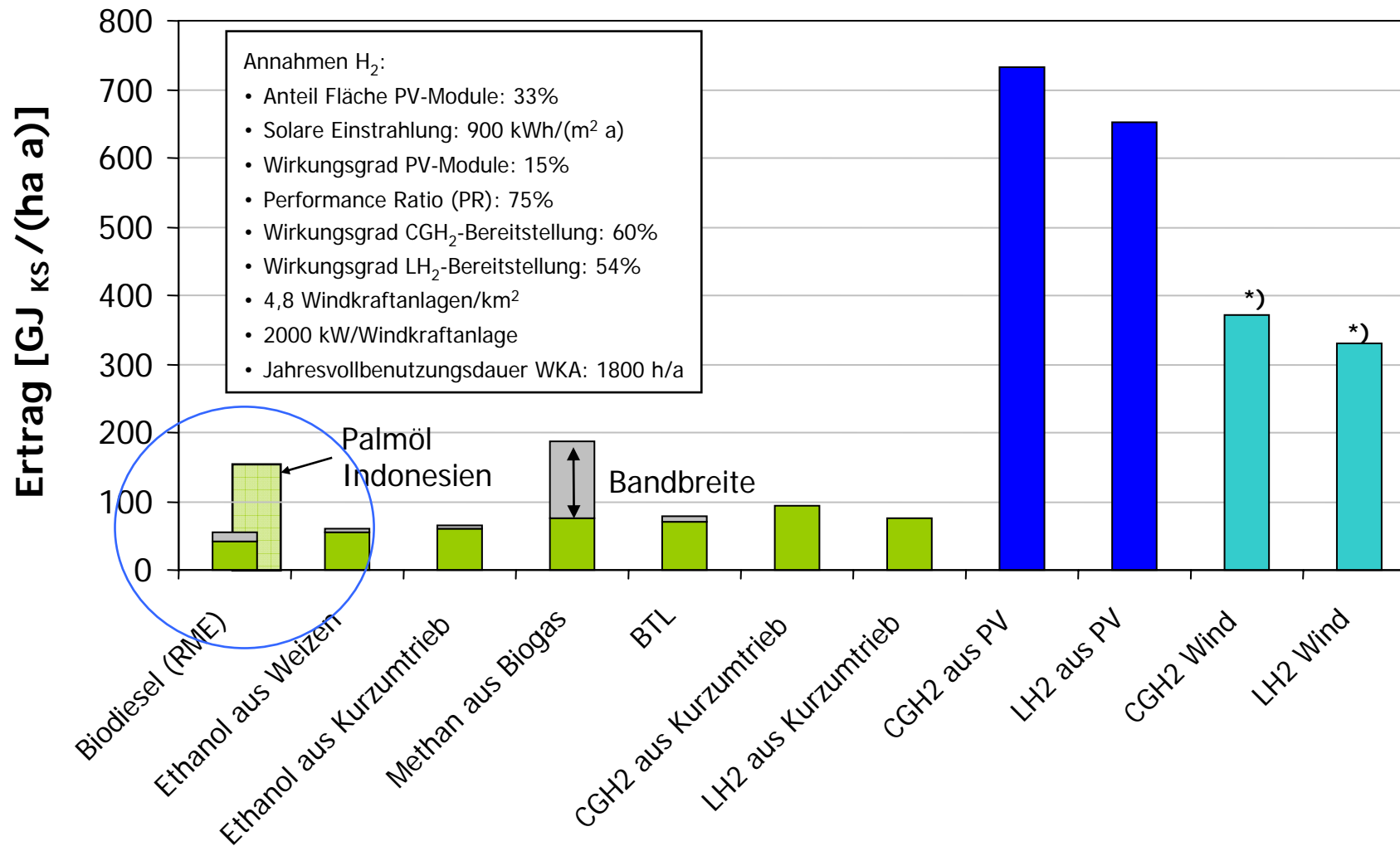


Source: LBST

Flächenerträge für verschiedene erneuerbare Kraftstoffe



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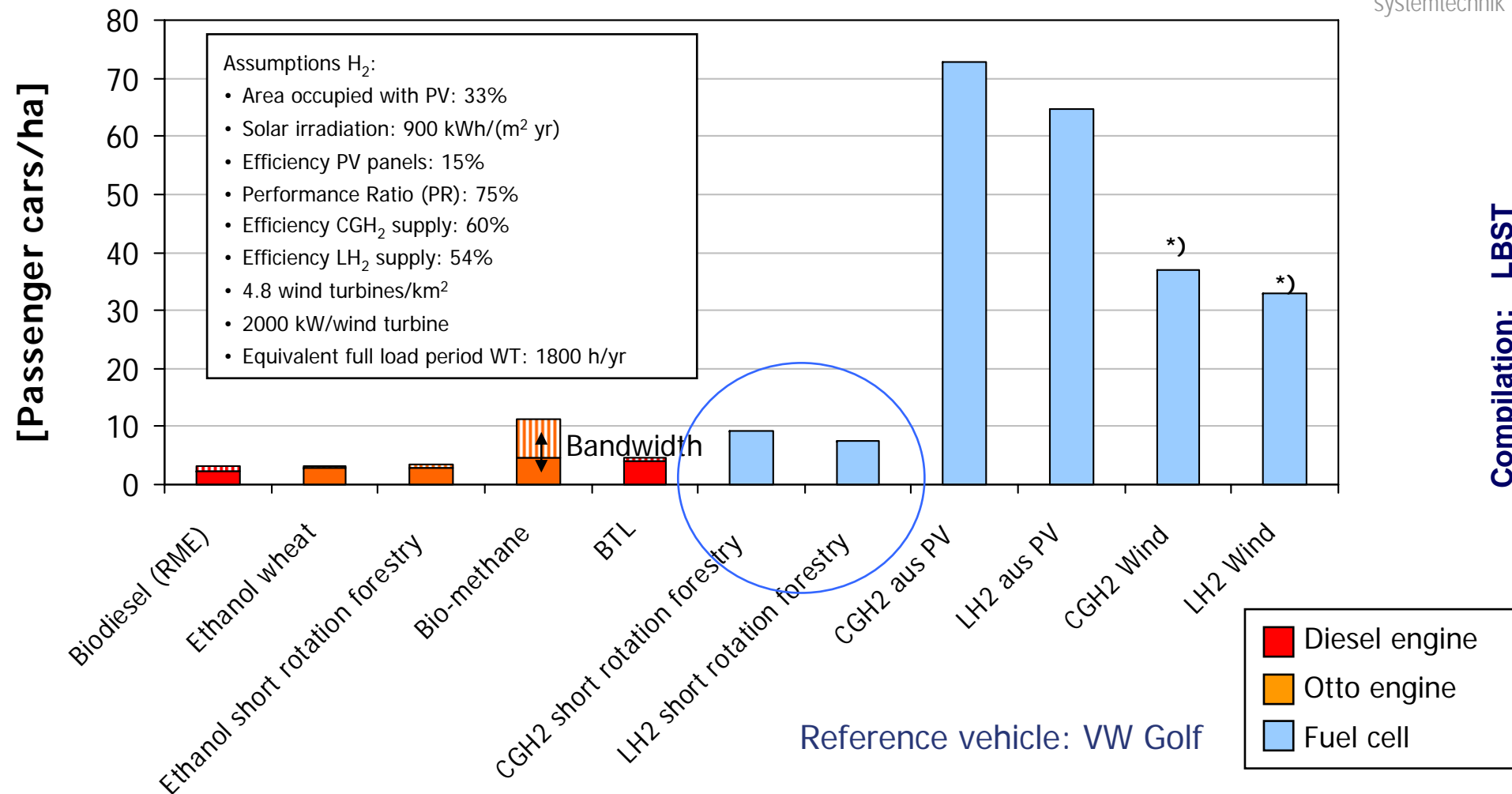
Source: LBST



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Number of Passenger Cars (hybrid) which can be supplied per ha

Annual operating range passenger cars: 12,000 km



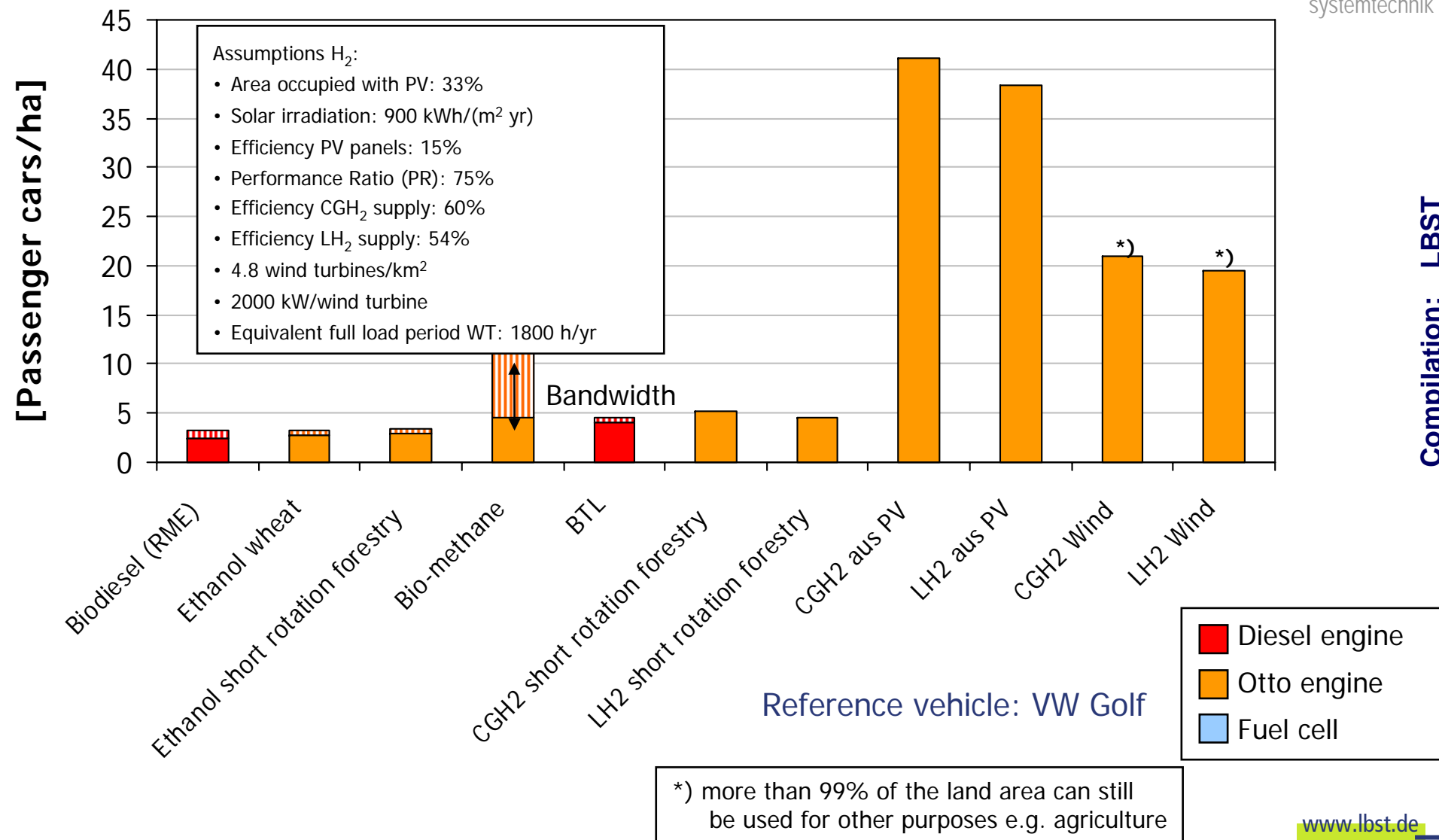
*) more than 99% of the land area can still be used for other purposes e.g. agriculture



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Number of Passenger Cars (hybrid) which can be supplied per ha

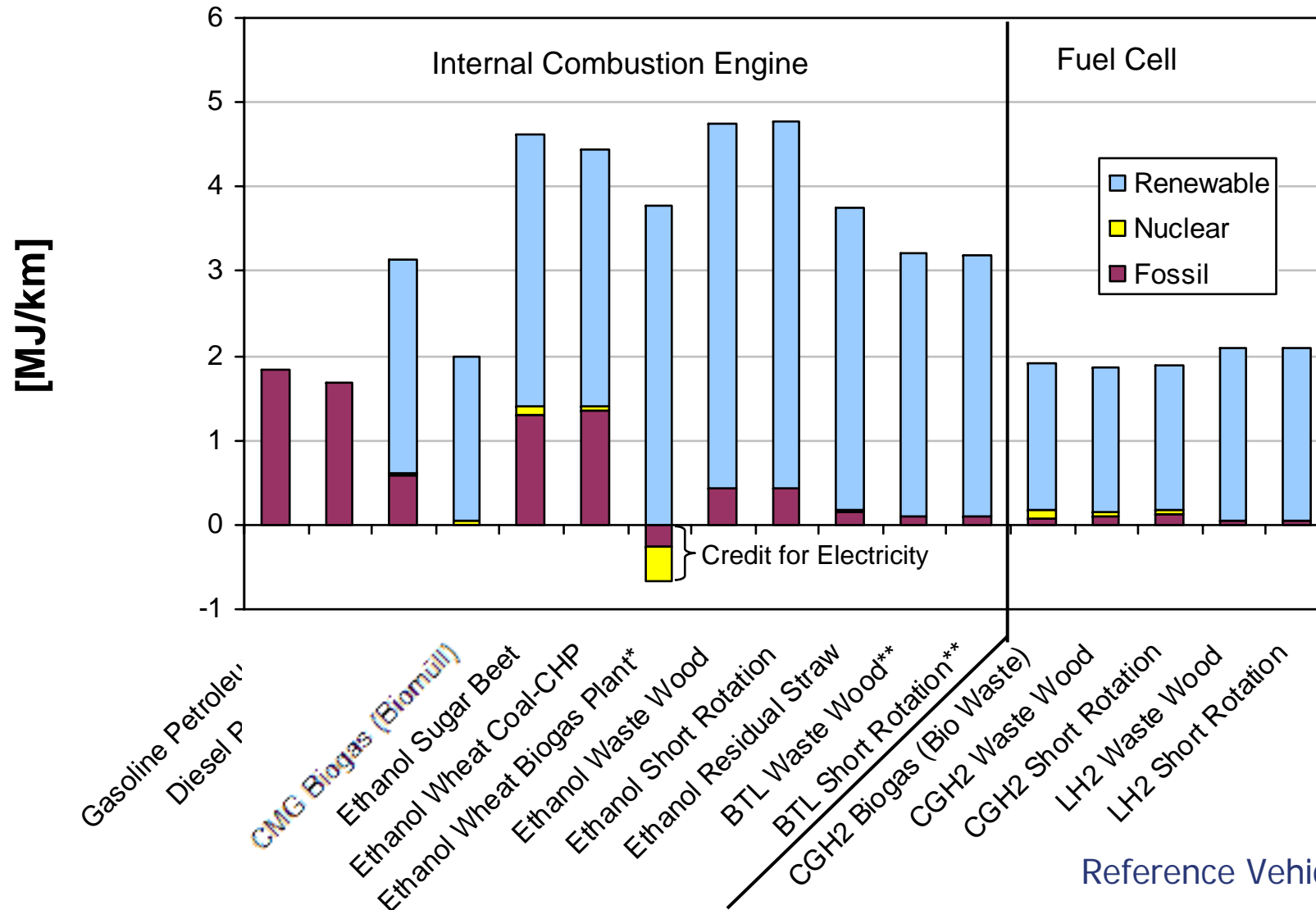
Annual operating range passenger cars: 12,000 km



Energy Use "Well-to-Wheel" hybrid



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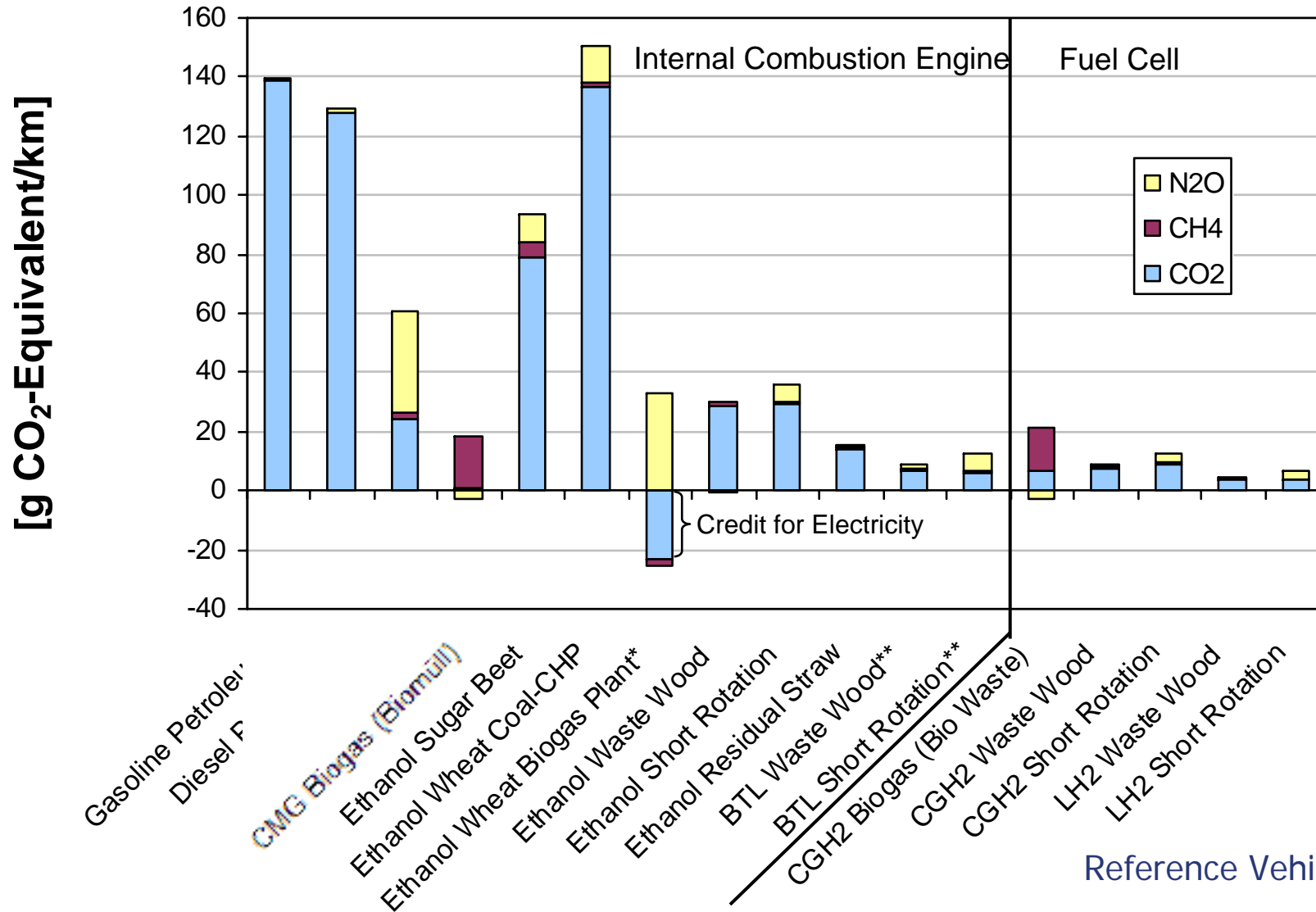
Reference Vehicle: VW Golf

* Integrated ecological concept with recycling of residual products to the agricultural crop land
 ** Synthetic Diesel fuel from Fischer-Tropsch-Synthesis

Greenhouse Gas Emissions "Well-to-Wheel" hybrid



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* Integrated ecological concept with recycling of residual products to the agricultural crop land

** Synthetic Diesel fuel from Fischer-Tropsch-Synthesis



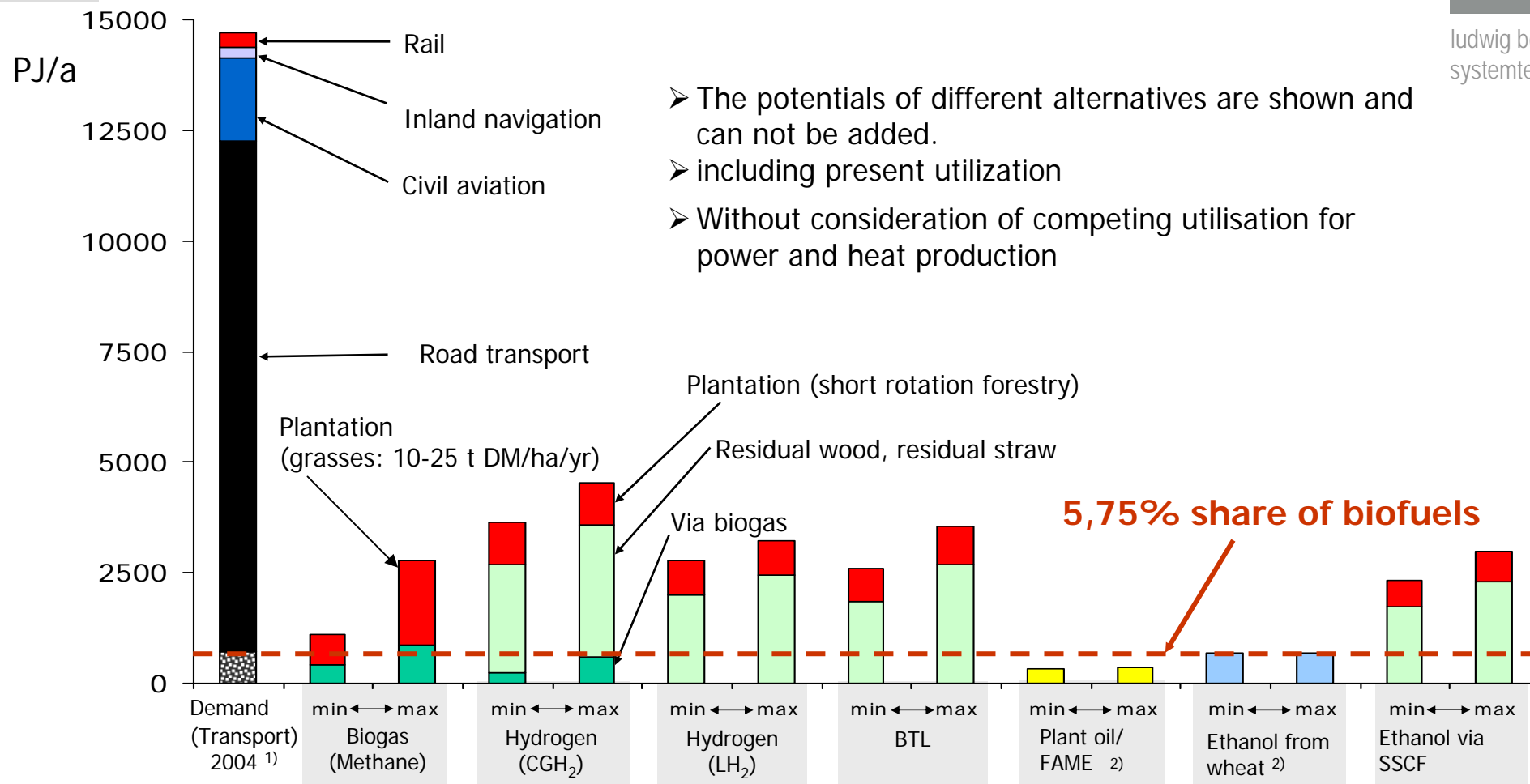
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Potentials of Renewable Energy Sources for the Production of Hydrogen as Transport Fuel



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Technical potential of different biofuels in the EU-27



- The potentials of different alternatives are shown and can not be added.
- including present utilization
- Without consideration of competing utilisation for power and heat production

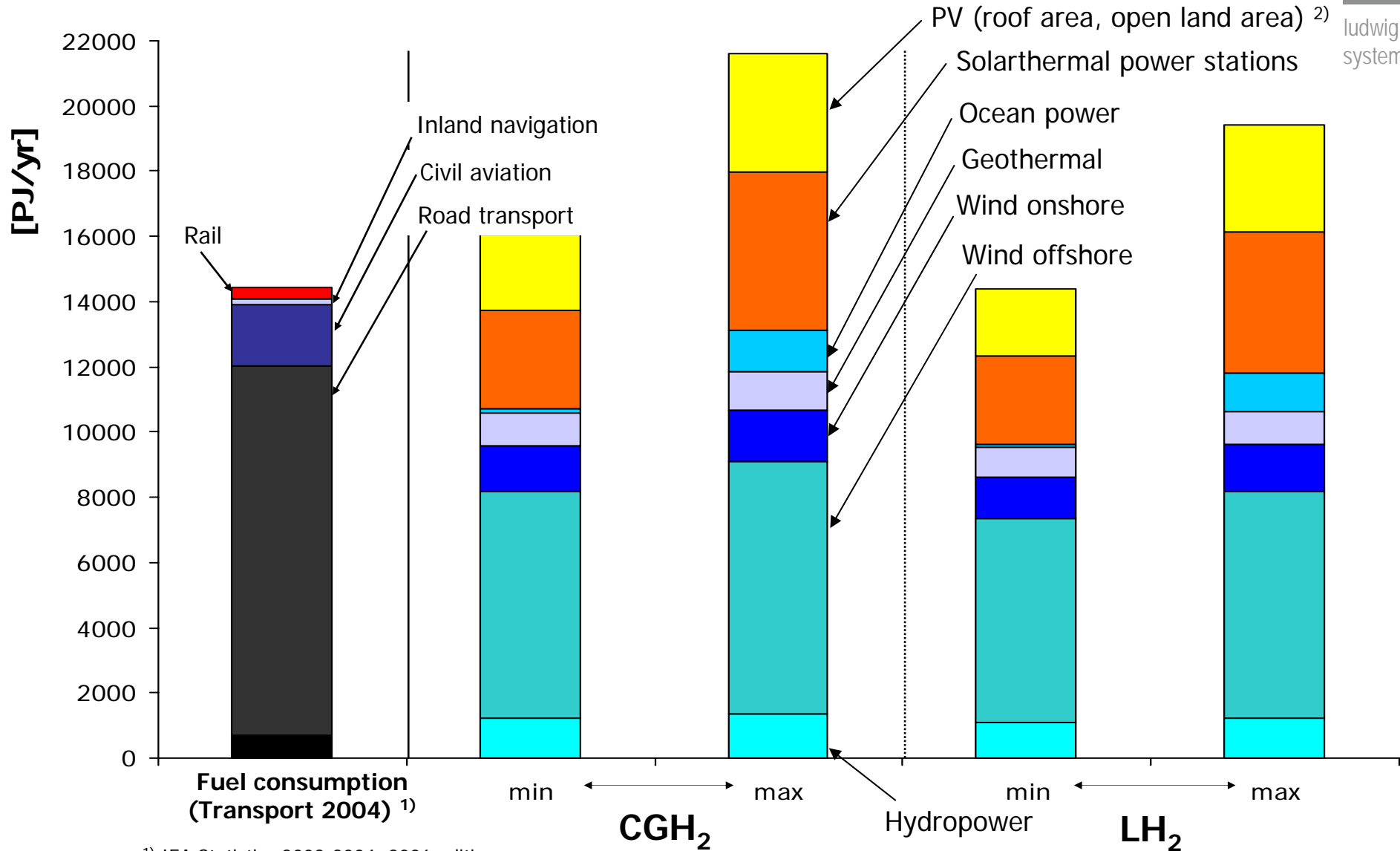
¹⁾ Source: IEA-Statistics 2003-2004, 2006 edition

²⁾ Gross (without the energy efforts for the supply of the fuels e.g. the use of external energy for the ethanol plant)

Technical potentials for hydrogen from renewable electricity in EU 27



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¹⁾ IEA Statistics 2003-2004, 2006 edition

²⁾ Photovoltaic plants on open land area: 0.1% of total land area

Compilation: LBST

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Substitution of global fossil based transportation fuel by hydrogen

Comparison hydrogen from photovoltaic electricity (PV) versus plant oil from jatropha



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	Unit	CGH ₂	LH ₂	Plant Oil (Jatropha)	
Fuel consumption transport 2004	Mtoe	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975
~ 320 l gasoline/cap. @ 8 billion cap.	TWh/yr	22,964	22,964	-	-
Efficiency fuel supply		0.60	0.54	-	-
Electricity demand fuel production	TWh/yr	38,086	42,851	-	-
Solar insolation	kWh/(m ² yr)	1,300	1,300	-	-
Efficiency PV panel		0.15	0.15	-	-
Performance ratio		0.75	0.75	-	-
Electricity yield PV panel area	kWh/(m ² yr)	146	146	-	-
Fraction of area covered by PV panels		0.33	0.33	-	-
Yield plant oil	t/(ha yr)	-	-	0.7 ¹⁾	2.7 ²⁾
Required area	Mill. km ²	0.8	0.9	29.0	7.3
Land area earth	Mill. km ²	149	149	149	149
Share of land area for fuel production	%	0.5	0.6	19.5	4.9

¹⁾ 2 t seed per ha and year, oil yield 0.34 kg/kg; without irrigation; ²⁾ 8 t seed per ha and year, oil yield 0.34 kg/kg; with irrigation;
Source: Abhishek Maharishi, Centre of Excellence for Jatropha Biodiesel Promotion, India; www.jatrophabiodiesel.org

Compilation: LBST

For comparison: land area of the USA is about ~9.2 million km²

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Energy Flux Densities Analysis



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Energy flux densities (a comparison)

Global Energy Supply Systems:	~ 0,03 Wm ⁻²
Global Biomass Energy Flux Density:	~ 0,10 Wm ⁻²
Global Geothermal Heat Flux Density:	~ 0,10 Wm ⁻²
Global Kinetic Energy Dissipation:	~ 3 Wm ⁻²
Global Surface Solar Energy Flux Density:	~ 165 Wm ⁻²

Conclusions:

- In the long run, only **the sun** and the **wind can** be pillars of the energy supply system.
- Biomass energy ‚clashes‘ with food production.

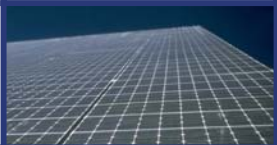






Source: Prof. H. Graßl, MPI



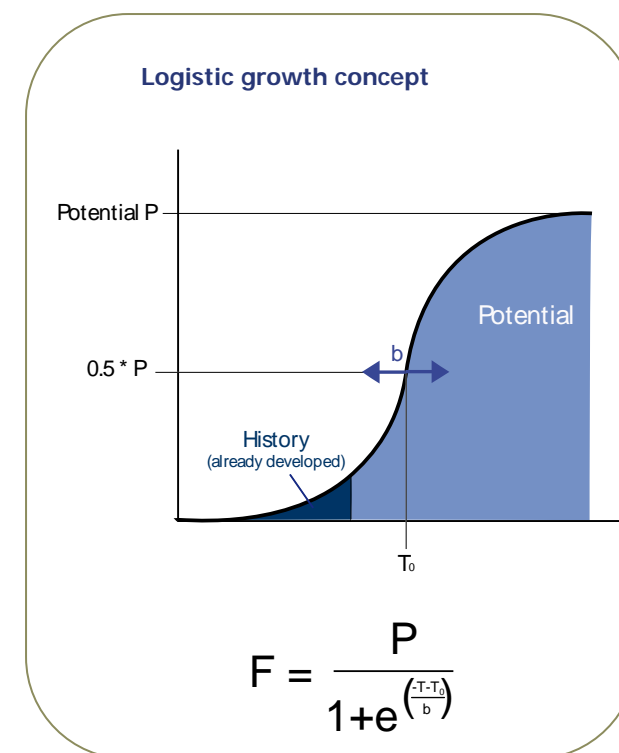
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Primary Energy Supply: Contributions from Renewable Energies

Growth rates and methodology

Photovoltaic (PV)		+ 24 % per year
Solar thermal power plants (SOT)		+ 30 % per year
Solar collectors (heat)		+ 11 % per year
Biomass		+ 2.3 % per year
Wind power		+ 16 % per year
Hydropower		+ 2.3 % per year
Geothermal		+ 11 % per year

Potential P:
available technical potential
[ecological limitations considered]



Source: LBST

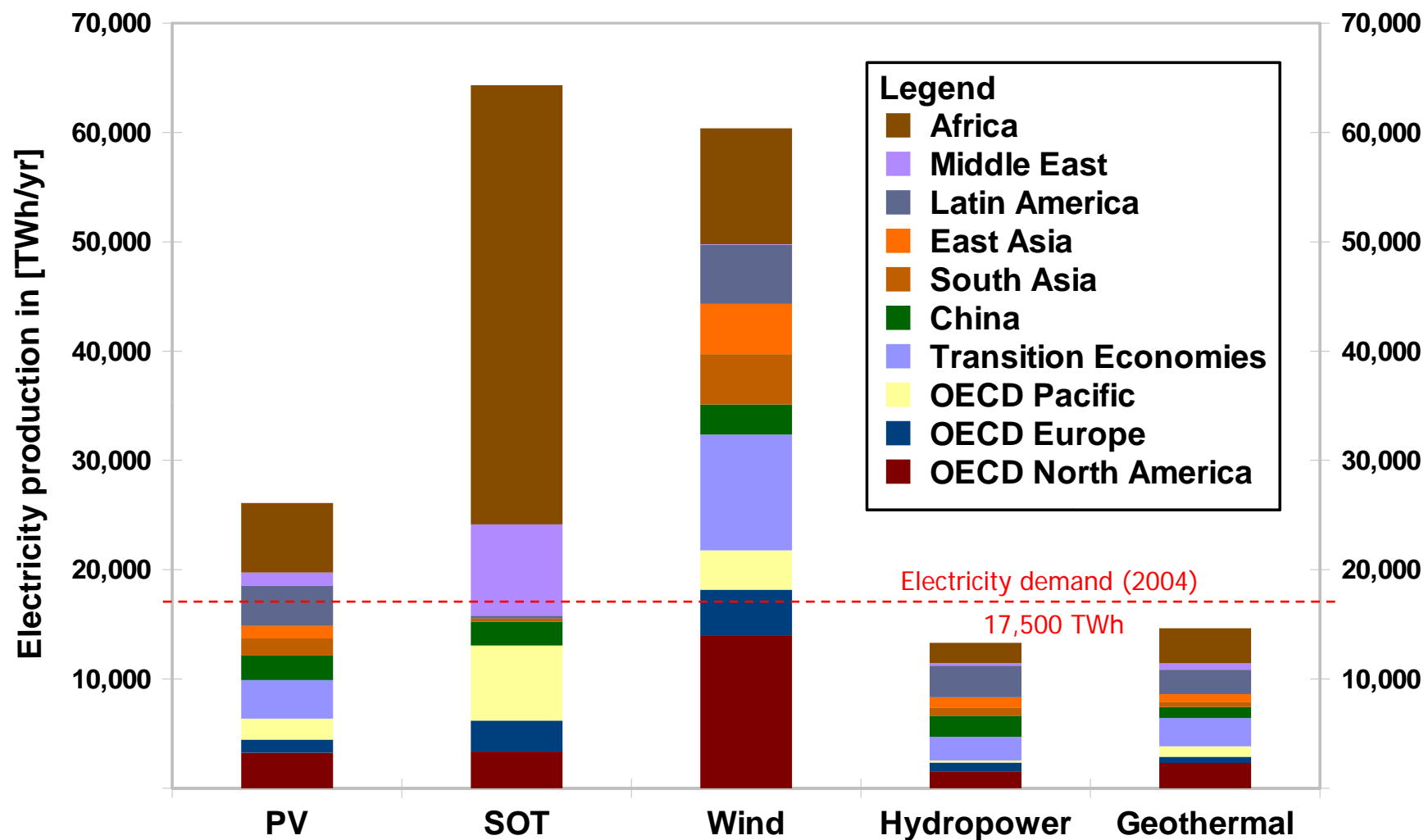
Average global growth rates

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Role of hydrogen

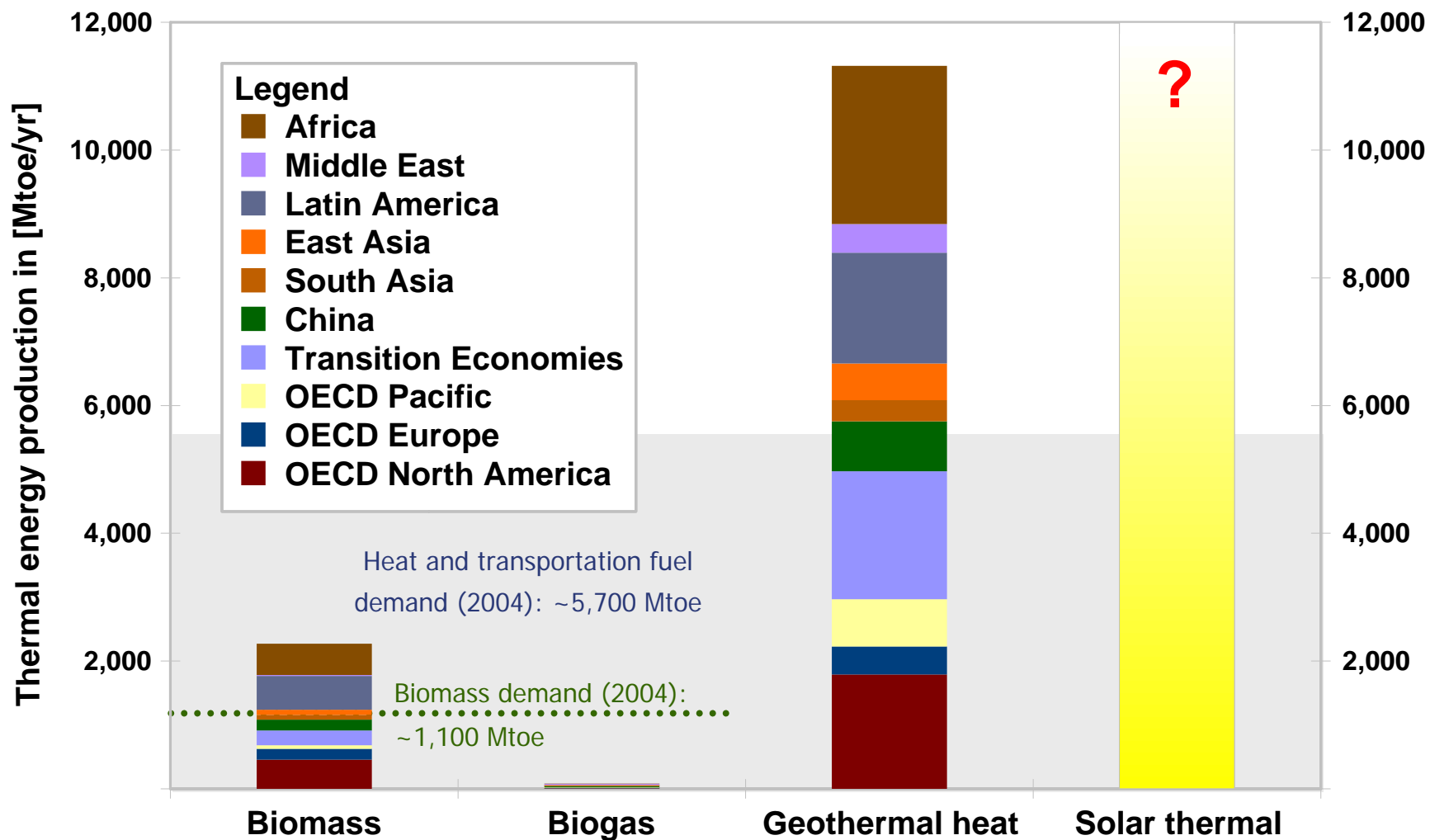
Where does the hydrogen come from? – Electricity by world region





Role of hydrogen

Where does the hydrogen come from? – Heat by world region



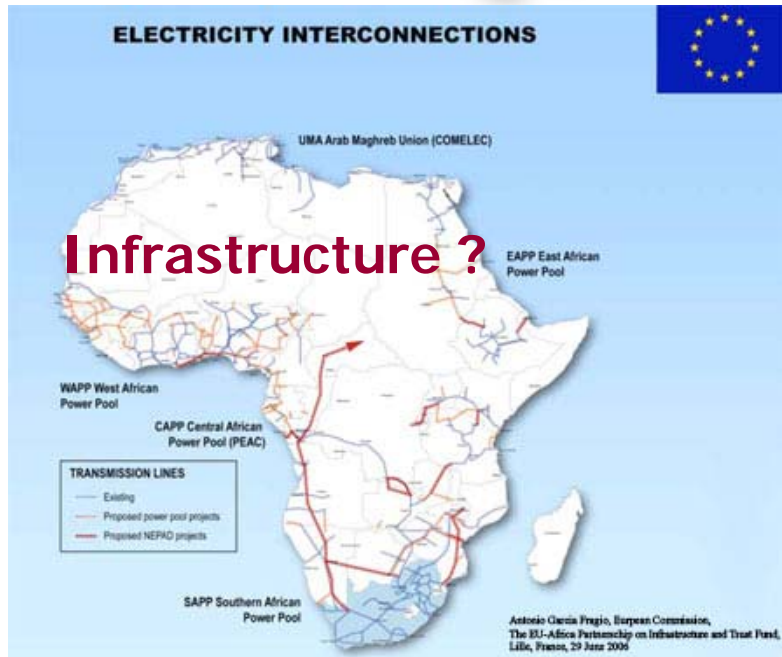
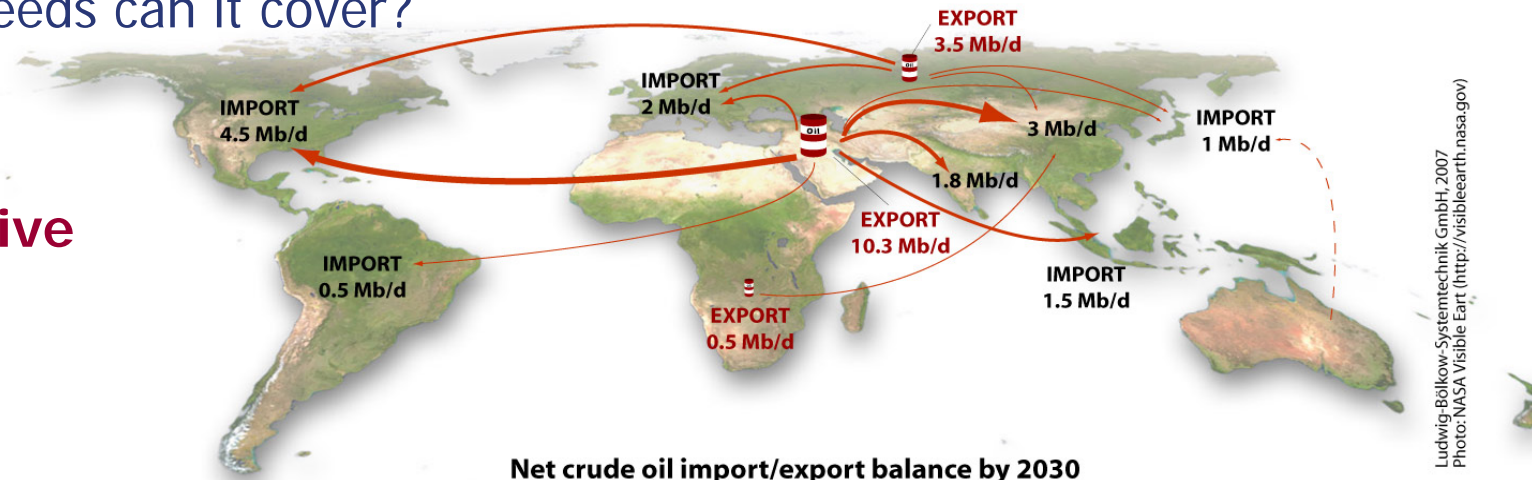


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Role of hydrogen

Which needs can it cover?

Alternative
Fuels ?



Infrastructure ?

Transport sector:

Local production of hydrogen

(reduction of oil import dependency, long-term growth will not be feasible with fossil fuels nor with biomass-derived fuels respectively through imports)

Stationary sector:

Supply of back-up power via fuel cells *(hospitals, telecom, data processing, manufacturing processes, refrigeration, etc.)*

Remote /re-electrification for electrical islands

(compensation for infrastructure deficits)

Load levelling of fluctuating electricity production

Source: LBST



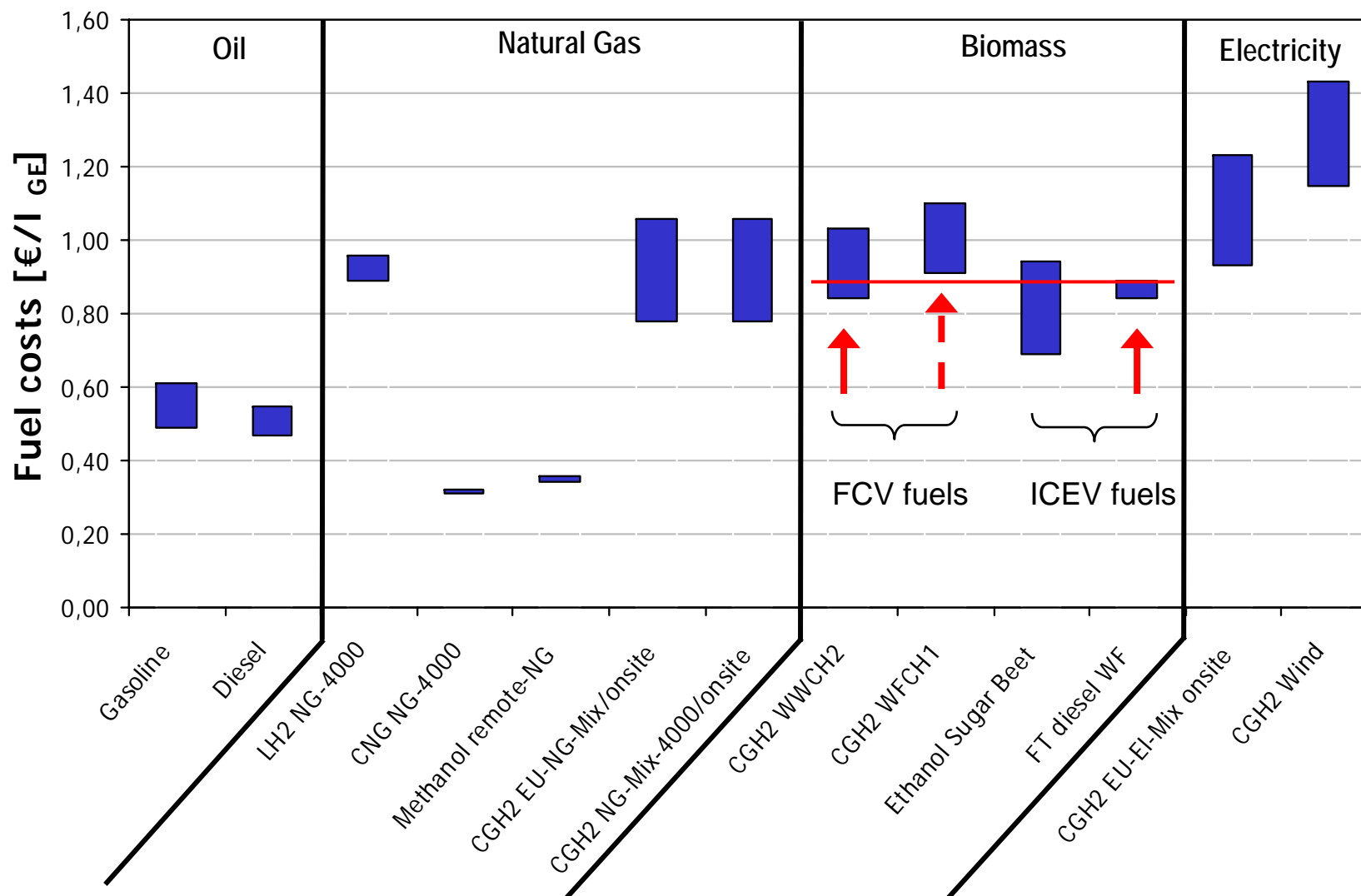
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Cost of Hydrogen as Transport Fuel Compared to Other Alternative Fuels



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Fuel costs "Well-to-Tank"



Crude oil based gasoline and diesel: price ex filling station without taxes in June 2006

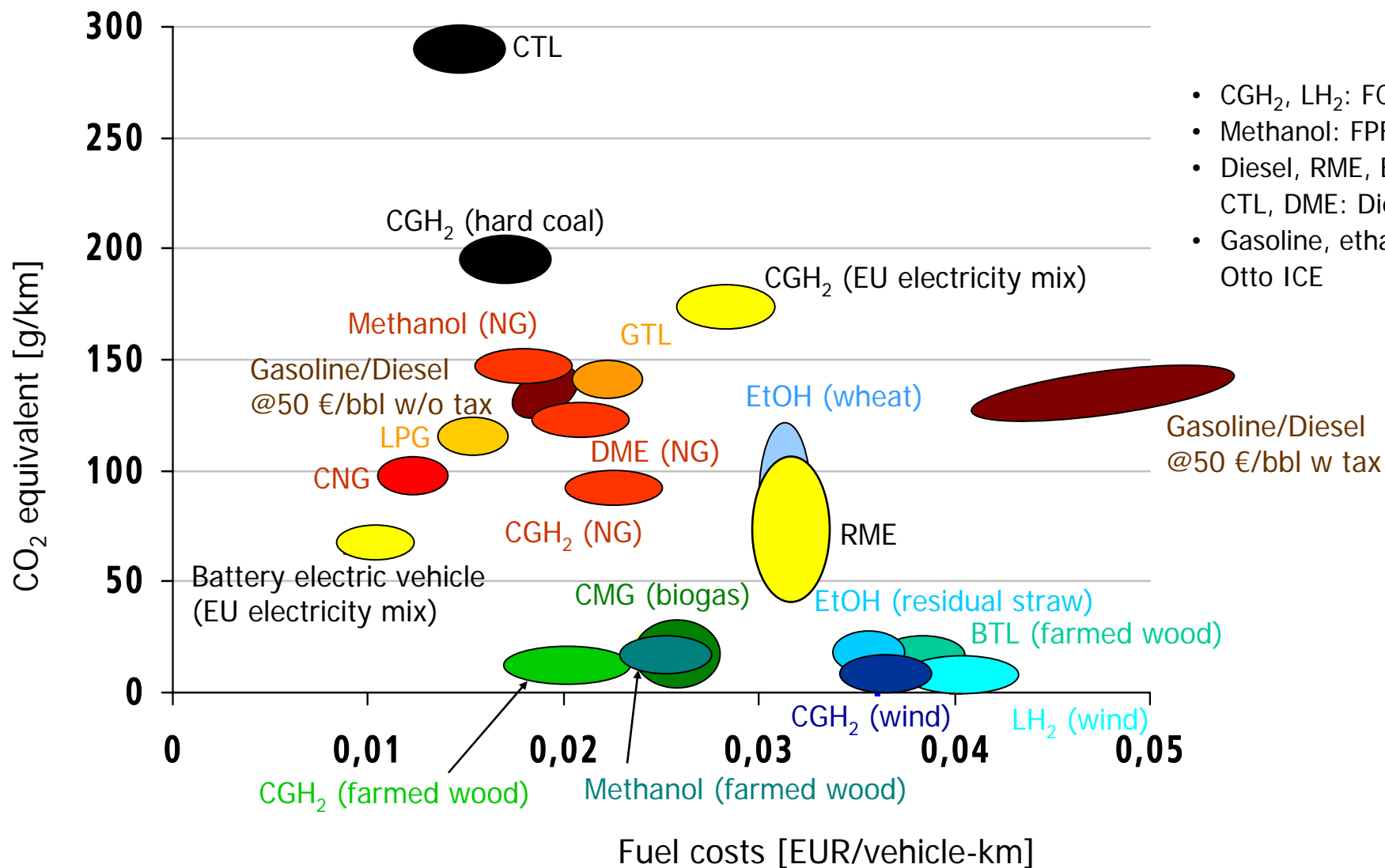
Source: LBST

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Fuel costs versus GHG emissions "Well-to-Wheel" - hybrid powertrain



- CGH₂, LH₂: FC
- Methanol: FPFC
- Diesel, RME, BTL, GTL, CTL, DME: Diesel ICE
- Gasoline, ethanol, CMG: Otto ICE

- reference vehicle VW Golf
- hybrid

Source: LBST

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Selected Literature Sources – Energy Resources Situation:

Energy Watch Group:

Oil Report:

<http://www.energywatchgroup.org/Oil-report.32+M5d637b1e38d.0.html>

http://www.energywatchgroup.org/fileadmin/global/pdf/EWG_Oilreport_10-2007.pdf [full report]

http://www.energywatchgroup.org/fileadmin/global/pdf/EWG_Oilreport_Summary_10-2007.pdf [executive summary]

http://www.energywatchgroup.org/fileadmin/global/pdf/EWG_Press_Oilreport_22-10-2007.pdf [press release]

Uranium Report:

http://www.energywatchgroup.org/fileadmin/global/pdf/EWG_Uraniumreport_12-2006.pdf

Coal Report:

http://www.energywatchgroup.org/fileadmin/global/pdf/EWG-Coalreport_10_07_2007.pdf

DWV:

"Woher kommt die Energie für die Wasserstoffherzeugung — Status und Alternativen"

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__d/2006/DWV_Woher-H2_NOV2006.pdf

<http://www.dwv-info.de/publikationen/2006/woher.pdf>

EHA:

EHA H2 Production Brochure April, 2007

http://www.h2euro.org/Publications/studies/EHA_H2Production_brochure_eng_0407.pdf

EC-JRC IPTS:

"Potential of hydrogen as a fuel for transport in the long term (2020 to 2030)"

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2004ipts__e.html



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Selected Literature Sources – Well-to-Wheel and LCA:

EUCAR, CONCAWE, JRC – Well to Wheel Reports

Well to Wheel Reports 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2003

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2005eucar__e.html

<http://ies.jrc.cec.eu.int/wtw.html>

Well-to-Wheel Analysis of Energy Use and Greenhouse Gas Emissions of Advanced Fuel/Vehicle Systems – A European Study

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2002gmwtw__e.html

Einordnung und Vergleich biogener Kraftstoffe – „Well-to-Wheel“-Betrachtungen

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/articles2006/Schindler-Weindorf_LBST_Bio-Kraftstoffe-WtW_TA-TuP_April2006_scwe06a.pdf

Vergleich verschiedener Antriebskonzepte im Individualverkehr im Hinblick auf Energie- und Kraftstoffeinsparung

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__d/2002_antriebe__d.html

Comparison of different propulsion systems in private transport in terms of energy saving and reduction of greenhouse gases

http://192.168.1.217/www/lbst.de/publications/studies__e/2004propuls__e.html

Thank you for your attention !



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For further information
on hydrogen and fuel cells:

www.HyWeb.de

Basic information on H₂ and fuel cells +
newsletter (operative since 1996)

www.h2mobility.org

Overview of all H₂ and fuel cell vehicles worldwide
(operative since 2000)

www.h2stations.org

Overview of all H₂ refuelling stations
(operative since 2000)

www.energiekrise.de

Overview of the availability of fossil energy sources
(operative since 2000)